dividends amounting to 50 per cent. per annum. Take off the tax on foreign wool,

permit healthy competition, and prices of woolen goods must fall. Consumers will get the benefit of all that is paid on foreign wool, and of all that is charged for protection on cotton, shoddy and other

Mr. Springer said the passage of the bill would in all probability cause an increased

consumption of woolen goods to an equal

Mr. Burrows of Michigan moved to strike out the words "all wools" in the bill, the very essence of the measure. He read a

amendment to-morrow the committee rose

ANOTHER LAND CRAZE.

Prairie Schooners, with Determined Captains,

Sailing Into Oklahema from All Directions.

KINGPISHER, O. T., April 4.-The excite-

ment over the opening of the Cheyenne

and Arapahoe reservation is becoming more

intense every hour. Trains of schooners

are sailing in from every direction. The

Rock Island trains are loaded with anxious

home-seekers. The road runs along the

border of the lands to be opened. A line

of schooner captains has been formed for

several days at the door of the Kingfisher

land office. The captains declare their in-

tention of being the first to file entries.

The Fifth Cavalry is stationed along the

borders with orders to arrest all tres-

passers. There is a bitter fight on against

the ex-soldiers' declaratory statements,

and loud threats are being made against

the agents who dare to file large numbers

of them. Even men who fill official posi-

tions are threatening to incite a riot to

prevent the unlimited filing of declara-

tories. The ex-soldiers are here in force,

and determined to maintain their rights

under the laws. There is danger of serious trouble, but the authorities of Okla-

homa and the land-office cities will pre-serve order and enforce the law. They de-

clare their intention of doing so even if

they have to call out the troops. The al-

lotments are completed. The surveyors

are now laying out the county-seats of the

six new counties. It is the intention of

the government to open the lands for set-tlement about the 15th of April.

FEMALE BANDITS IN MALE ATTIRE.

Six Sisters Caught While "Holding Up" a Stage

-Forced to Do It by Their Parents.

SALMON CITY, Ida., April 4 .- A woman

and six girls have been arrested and

occurred near Harvey's ranch lately. Sus-

usually took place, and when the stage ar-

rived there, a short time afterward, six

bandits swept out in the road and stopped

it, leveling their guns at the driver. The

whole gang, which proved to be composed of

Harvey's six daughters, who had assumed

male attire. When the arrest was made

one of the girls weakened and told the

whole story. She said she never liked the

work, and was glad they were caught.

They were trained to it by their father and

mother, and the proceeds were shipped

East for sale, so as not to excite suspicion

CLEVER VILLAIN.

Preacher, Orator, Burglar, Horse-Thief, For-

ger, Bigamist, Incendiary and Murderer.

Dover, N. H., April 4 .- It has been learned

that Julius McArthur, who killed Deputy

Sheriff Charles H. Smith, of New Hamp-

shire, May 6 last, while resisting arrest for

stealing a horse, and who escaped from the

jail, in this city, July 17, is none other than

John Arthur Simpson, alias George Simp-

son, alias George A. Stillwell, formerly of

Fredericton, N. B., once a Baptist minister.

later a burglar, horse-thief, incendiary,

forger, bigamist and finally a murderer.

His chief seat of operations for the past

twenty years has been in New England and

the provinces. He is a remarkably fluent

talker, and can preach a sermon, make a

speech or deliver a political oration, and

has the appearance of a polished gentle-

Will Get About 5 Cents on the Dollar.

Matthew K. Aiken, trustees in the Nichol-

son bank failure, to-day filed in the city

court their first statement of the condition

of the firm. The statement shows that the

liabilities, according to the books on Jan.

14, the day of the failure, aggregated \$1,158,961.31 and the assets nominally the

same. An expert who carefully examined

the statement this morning says the true

value of assets will not be more than \$150 .-

000 or \$200,000. About 5 cents on the dollar

is probably the figure that will finally come

The Rubber Trust Perfected.

NEW YORK, April 4.-A meeting of the

United States Rubber Company's newly

elected directors was held to-day in the

city, and the following officers were elected:

President, William L. Trenholm; secre-

tary, John L. Waterbury; treasurer.

pany to complete the purchase of

the property and good will of the New Jer-

sey Rubber Company, by a payment of \$1,-

Margaret Mather Wants Another Husband.

CHICAGO, April 4.-Actress Margaret

Mather's application for divorce, reported

in Pittsburg as having been filed here a

month ago, was made public to-day. It

was not handed into court until Saturday.

and was suppressed for service until this

morning. Orchestra leader, Emile Haber-

korn, the husband, is charged with deser-

tion. The special clause is inserted where-

by, if divorce be granted, the parties are

Movements of Steamers.

QUEENSTOWN, April 4.-Arrived: British

LIVERPOOL, April 4. - Arrived: Michi-

ANTWERP, April 4.-Arrived: Hermann,

determined on appraisement.

at liberty to marry again.

gan, from Boston.

Princess, from Philadelphia.

000,000 down, and the balance to be paid as

Townsend. The directors

the officers of the com-

to the creditors.

authorized

BALTIMORE, April 4 .- John M. Carter and

in this country.

sheriff here came forward and took in the

and the House adjourned.

adulterants.

and submitted.

Severe local storms; cooler.

THE

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT The House Passes a Bill to Shut Out Nearly All Almond-Eyed Orientals. - OF THE -

WHEN: CLOTHING: STORE

Was never so fully equipped to maintain its long-established conspicuous superiority as this season. To present its completeness of attractions in detail is out of the question within the limit of an advertisement.

IN SHORT and LONG-PANT SUITS We show all the latest styles in fabric and texture, cut in all the correct shapes, and at one price below competition.

We call your attention, again, to our

\$3.50 ALL-WOOL JERSEY SUITS. And the handsomest line of CONFIRMATION SUITS in the city.

TO THE TRADE: WE OFFER BOSTON RUBBER SHOE CO.'S GOODS FOR SEASON 1892-93 At 50 per cent. off on Bostons : : : At 50 and 10 per cent. off on Bay States Delivery made after March 31. Prices guaranteed.

M'KEE & CO., Wholesale Boots Shoes and Rubbers 93 and 95 South Meridian St.

Ask your grocer for

Princess Flour,

NO PROTECTIONISTS NEED APPLY.

University of Pennsylvania Professors Must

Resign Because They Teach True Doctrine.

PHILADELPHIA, April 4.—It has transpired

that Provost Pepper, of the University of

Pennsylvania, has asked for the resigna-

tions of Rev. Robert Ellis Thompson, pro-

fessor of history and political economy: Dr.

Joseph L. Rothrock, professor of botany;

Dr. Charles M. Dolley, professor of biol-

ogy; George A. Koeng, Ph. D., professor of

mineralogy and metallurgy, and Dr. George

F. Barker, Ph. D. Otis Kendall, ex-dean

and vice-provest of the university, and

Francis A. Jackson, professor of Latin and

literature, were also asked to resign. It is

known that all except Professors Barker

The trouble is said to be the result of

factional antagonism in the faculty, and

will be a matter of bitter argument at the

monthly meeting of the trustees to-mor-

row. It is said the most serious aspect of the affair is the strong opposition by the Wharton School of Finance against the

members of the faculty whose heads are wished to be chopped off. The opposition to Professor Thompson is said to be the most pronounced. Professor Thompson

teaches the protectionist theory in polit-

these students go before Professors McMasters and James in the Wharton school,

free-trade doctrines are propounded to

Professor Thompson graduated from the university in 1865. Three years later he

became, and has been since, a member of the faculty. He was a disciple of free trade

when he graduated, but subsequently studied the protection doctrine, was con-

verted and ever since has been an ardent

supporter of that theory of political econ-

THE STATE ENCAMPMENT.

It Will Open To-Morrow and Close Thursday

Night with a Grand Ball at Fort Wayne.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., April 4 .- Fort Wayne

18 gaudy to-night with bunting and flage

in honor of the State Encampment of the

G. A. R., which opens to-morrow. The

business and social sessions of the encamp-

ment will be held at the Princess Rink

with a seating capacity of three thousand.

Governor Chase, General Alger, Gen.

Palmer, commander-in-chief; I. N. Walker,

department commander for Indiana and

staff; A. G. Meissert, of Milwankee, past

commander-in-chief; John S. Kountz, of

Toledo; A. M. Warner, department com-

mander of Ohio; Charles L. Eaton, W. H.

Upton, department commander of Wis-

consin: John W. Newton, commanding

the Sons of Veterans for Indiana.

are all expected to arrive to-mor-

row, Governor Chase and Depart-

at noon and will be escorted to headquar-

ters at the new Avelene. A reception

ing. At the same time the Women's Relief Corps will tender its State offi-

cers a reception at Morton Hall. The

opening of the encampment proper will

will take place Wednesday morning at 9

o'clock, in Princes Rink, Commander I. N.

Walker presiding. At 1 o'clock the grand

parade and review will take place. The

camp-fire will be held Wednesday evening

at Princess Rink, with an "overflow" at

Randall Hall. The encampment sessions

will be continued Thursday, and the en-

campment will come to a close Thursday

evening with a grand military ball at Prin-

BIG SWINDLE RECALLED.

A Lawyer Brings Suit to Recover \$200,000

Invested in Banker Ward's Schemes.

NEW YORK, April 4 .- A suit, which is a

sequence to the failure of the banking

firm of Grant & Ward, was brought to trial

this afternoon in the Supreme Court be-

fore Justice Patterson and a jury. The

action is brought by Col. Edward C. James,

a lawyer, against James Henry Work, a

broker, to recover upward of \$200,000.

Col. James alleges that Mr. Work induced

him to invest money in the firm of Grant &

Ward on representations that he would

realize at least 8 per cent. upon the invest-

ment, the money to be placed in large gov-

ernment contracts. What these contracts

were, the plaintiff alleges, Mr. Work said

to him he was not at liberty to tell

but he asserted that it was almost a

sure thing. Mr. Choate, in his opening for

the plaintiff, declared that there was never

they were all fictitious, from beginning to

numbers of his friends to put their money

in these schemes, and before the failure of

Grant & Ward he had drawn out and put

in his pocket \$1,200,000, which was really

Insurance Companies Hit Hard.

NEW ORLEANS, April 4 .- The total loss by

resterday's fires is still estimated at 82,-

250,000. The following is a partial list of

the losses by the various insurance com-

panies and agencies: Crescent. \$15,000; Sun.

\$50,000; New Orleans Association, \$7,500;

Germania, \$6,700; Southern, \$7,500; Mer-

chants' Mutual, \$8,000; New Orleans In-

Globe, \$49,000; Marshall J. Smith's agency.

\$23,000; William Railley's agency. \$35,750;

Provost's agency, \$3,600; Interstate Com-

the money that his friends had invested.

He said that Work had induced large

anything in these contracts at all; that

cess Rink.

Commander Walker will arrive

be tendered them in the even-

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

and Koeng refused to resign.

Made by Blanton, Watson & Co.

Chicago & St. Louis. BIG 4.

Fer information as to the exact points, time and other particulars, call at "Big 4" offices: No. 1 East Washington street, No. 3d Jackson Place, Massachusetts-avenue and Unior Stations.

\$3.65-TO CHICAGO-\$3.65 - VIA THE -

WORLD'S FAIR ROUTE on and after March 23, 1892, this company will sell first-class tickets to Chicago at \$3.65.

The Big Four is the only line whose trains pass through the Collumbian Exposition of GROUNDS, in full view of all its buildings, and is therefore the only line that can justly claim the title of the World's Fair Route.

It is also the only line entering Chicago via the celebrated Lake Pront. All its passenger trains stop to receive and deliver passengers at Van Buren street, directly opposite the Great Auditorium, and in close proximity to the Grand Pacific, Palmer, Great Northern, Wellington, Leland and nearly all the leading hotels of Chicago.

Solid Vestibule Passenger Trains, composed of the finest compartment and standard Buffet Sleepers. finest compartment and standard Buffet Sleepers, Beelining Chair, Parlor Cafe Cars and First-class Coaches leave Indianapolis Union Station daily at 12:01 noon and 12:30 midnight, reaching Chicago in time for all Western connections.

Local Indianapolis & Chicago sleeper is placed on sleeping-car track west of Union Station. Open for passengers at 8 p. m. daily,

H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

> *3.45 a. m. 10.57 a. m.

*2.56 p. m.

'4.25 p. m.

16.20 p. m.

IS TIME TRAINS LEAVE

INDIANAPOLIS

- FOR -

CINCINNATI

C., H. & D.

Making close connection at Cincinnati in same pot without transfer, for all

POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

TICKET-OFFICES-Corner Illinois street and Kentucky avenue, 134 South Illinois street, and Union Station. H. J. BHEIN, General Agent.

86° FOR WAGON WHEAT ACME MILLS, West Washington St.

VICIOUS PAIR IN COURT.

"Prince" Michael Mills and the Pride of His Harem Held for Trial.

DETROIT, April 4.-The examination of "Prince" Michael Mills and Lizzie Court, members of the Flying Roll sect, who are charged with various acts of immorality, took place to-day. Bernice Bechel, the fitteen-year-old girl, who charges the "Prince" with seduction, was the first witness. She began her testimony by stating that she made the "Prince's" acquaintance at the house of her uncle in Sarnia. Thence she went to Toronto, and later to Detroit. From here she received a letter from the "Prince." In it she was ordered to join him, as she was "called by God to take the tenth place in Godhead respecting obedience." She came to Detroit with her mother and another lady and met Mills at the house of a Mr. Bell, one of the Prince's

Colonel Atkinson, counsel for the prisoners, stated that he had been shown the testimony to be used by the prosecution. As the only purpose of the preliminary examination was that the defense might learn the nature of the testimony the prosecution intended to offer, he would waive further examination for his client on the charge preferred by Bernice Bechel. Justice Haug then raised Michael's bond \$500, making the total of \$2,200, and then bound the defendants over to the recorder's court for the May term.

Would-Be Purifier of Politics. NEW YORK, April 4.- The certificate of incorporation of the City Club of New York was filed to-day in the office of the county clerk. It is stated in the articles of incorporation that the purpose of the organization is to secure an honest and efficient administration of city affairs, severing municipal from national politics and securing the election of fit persons to city

A MACHINE EVERY FIVE MINUTES,

That Is the Rate at Which Remington Type-Writers Are Sold by Wyckoff. Seamans & Benedict.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NEW YORK, April 4 .- Some idea of the present wonderful growth of the type-writer business may be gained from the fact that the sales of Remington Type-writers for January and February, 1892, exceeded those of the corresponding months of 1891 by \$160,000. The great and constantly gaining popularity of the "Remington" is clearly shown by the fact that the business has more than doubled within three years. The Remington factory at Ilion, N. Y., employs

WILL THE CHINESE RETALIATE

If the Measure Becomes Law Uncle Sam's Gates Will Open Only for Diplomates and Consuls from the Flowery Kingdom.

Representative Springer Makes a Closing Appeal for His Free-Wool Bill.

The Tariff-Reformer Warmly Greeted by His Colleagues-Mr. Burrows Moves to Strike Out a Vital Part of the Measure.

NO MORE CHINESE,

So the House Declares in a Bill Passed in Great Hurry Yesterday. WASHINGTON, April 4 .- A bill, held by friends and foes alike to be one of the most important now pending in the American Congress, was passed by the House of Representatives to-day, after only thirty minutes' debate. This measure, so rapidly rushed through the House, is important not alone from an American but from an international stand-point, not alone because of its interest to the industrial classes throughout the Nation, but because it is a nullification of important existing treaties. The bill in question is commonly known as the "Chinese exclusion bill," and was reported by the House committee on foreign affairs, and to-day taken up on motion of Mr. Geary of California.

Mr. Hooker of Mississippi made an earnest effort to secure a longer time for debate than that which was allowed under surpension, dwelling upon the importance of the measure, but Mr. Heard of Missouri

objected to his request. Mr. Geary said that the pending measure remedied the defects which existed in the existing law. No measure short of it could effect the ends desired, and he proposed that the House, at a time when so much was being said about protecting American labor, would not object to protecting it from imported foreign pauper labor. Mr. Hitt of Illinois and Mr. Hooker said that a fatal objection to this bill, in the mind of every man of honor and truth, was that it was a deliberate viclation of plighted faith. Mr. Hitt said there were many business interests at

stake, but they were all small dust in the balance when compared with the proposition to abrogate existing treaties. We had had many anti-Chinese bills, each made stronger than the other, but never before had there been presented to the House one which had so utterly disregarded and violated national faith. With a cold perfidy this bill declared that all treaties in contravention with this act should be repealed, set aside and abrogated. He discussed the point at length, and said that to pass the bill would be a breach of honor and good faith. Mr. Geary said that the Chinese govern-

ment, both through its officers at home and in this country, had done everything in its power to violate the spirit of the treaty. Mesers. Herman of Oregon and Cutting of California also favored the bill, and after further debate it was passed by a vote of 179 yeas to 43 nays.

The negative vote was cast by Messra. Alexander, Andrew, Beeman, Belkhap, Beltzhoover, Bergen, Bresius, Bushnell, Cheatham, Coburn, Coolidge, Craig of Pennsylvania, Culberson, Curtis, English, Epes, Flick, Grady, Greenleaf, Harter, Heard, Hemphill, Henderson of Illinois, Herbert, Hitt, Hooker of Mississippi, Hopkins of Illinois, Johnson of Indiana, Johnson of North Dakota, Lawson of Georgia, Little. Lodge, Miller, Perkins, Post, Powers, Randall, Robinson of Pennsylvania, Stevens, Stockdale, Storrs, Stout and J. D. Taylor. The bill absolutely prohibits any Chinese, whether or not subjects of China (excepting diplomatic and consular officers and servants) from entering the United States, and Chinese who may hereafter leave the United States are prohibited from returning to this country. It makes liable to arrest, upon warrant issued by any justice, judge or United States commissioner, Chinese or persons of Chinese descent entering the United States by crossing its boundary lines, or found unlawfully in the United States, and provides for the punishment of the Chinese by imprisonment not exceeding five years, and subsequent removal from the United States to the country whence they came, provided that when they come to the United States from China by way of continguous foreign territory, they shall be returned to China. The act applies to subjects of China and all Chinese, even if subects of any foreign power. A proviso allows the Secretary of the Treasury to admit Chinese other than laborers or artisans to temporarily visit the United States under such rules as he may prescribe. The last clause repeals all acts inconsistent with this act, and sets aside and repeals the provisions of all treaties now in force between the United States and China which may conflict with the provisions of this act. Violations of the law will be fol-

lowed by fine and imprisonment. SPRINGER BACK AGAIN,

The Illinois Man Permitted to Make the

Last Speech on the Free Wool Bill. WASHINGTON, April 4.-Mr. Springer was given a generous welcome on his appearance in the Honse to-day. He was accompanied to the ways and means committeeroom by his wife, who was his constant companion through his illness. In the lapel of his coat was the ever-present carnation, which has long been the distinctive color of the Congressman's bouttonaire. Shortly before his appearance in the House, some friend, as a delicate compliment to the Illinois man, distributed several scores of carnations. Almost instantly a carnation was seen in the button-hole of nearly every member on the Democratic side, and when Congressmen Hopkins. Smyth and various other Republican members generously followed the example, and donned the favorite colors of Mr. Springer. the era of good feeling had reached its zenith. The desk of the Illinois Congressman, which had been unoccupied for six weeks, was decorated with boquets of carnations, roses and huge calla lilies, and the surrounding seats were mostly occupied by Democratic members of the ways and means committee. the House resolved itself into a committee

It was a few minutes after 2 o'clock when of the whole on the free-wool bill, and Representative Blount of Georgia was called to the chair. Mr. McMillin asked unanimous consent that Mr. Springer be allowed to speak upon the bill. There was no objection, and immediately thereafter Mr. Springer, escorted by Mr. Bryan of Nebraska, entered the hall, and was received with great applause. He ascended the steps and shook hands with the Chairman and then proceeded to his seat. Five minutes were consumed in congratulations to Mr. Springer. The latter rose and said he had intended to speak at some length upon the question, but he had been admonished by his physician that this would be impossible, and he asked that his address be read by Mr. Bryan of Nebraska.

There being no objection his remarks were thus presented to the House. In his remarks Mr. Springer referred to surance Company, \$6,600; Mechanics' and Traders', \$24,000; London, Liverpool and the statistics prepared by S. D. North, the special agent of the Census Office, in charge of statistics of wool manufactures, and the secretary of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers said he had Remington factory at Ilion, N. Y., employs pany. \$10,000; Home, \$260,000, of which sales-agents, Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, who dispose of machines at the astonishing who dispose of one every five minutes.

To be defined and season of the sales agency at Ilion, N. Y., employs pany. \$10,000; Home, \$260,000, of which sales agency at Ilion, N. Y., employs pany. \$10,000; Home, \$260,000, of which sales agency at Ilion, N. Y., employs pany. \$10,000; Home, \$260,000, of which sales agency at Ilion of Wool Manufacturers sale had not properly represented the true state of the wool industry. Mr. North stated that there was nothing to discourage the America, buildings.

It is a sales agency at Ilion, N. Y., employs pany. \$10,000; Home, \$260,000, of which sales agency at Ilion of Wool Manufacturers sale had not properly represented the true state of the wool industry. Mr. North stated that there was nothing to discourage the America, buildings.

It is a sales agency at Ilion, N. Y., employs pany. \$10,000; Home, \$260,000, of which sales agency at Ilion of Wool Manufacturers sale had a sales agency at Ilion of Wool Manufacturers at Ilion of Wool Manufacturers

profit on his work. Mr. Springer took issue with Mr. North on this question. In closing Mr. Springer said: "It may be asked how under free wool can woolen goods be cheaper, if native wool is higher. The answer is that the foreign wool which is subjected to a tax of 44 cents upon the amount of such wool in a pound of cloth, will come in free, and that such mills as the Arlington will not be permitted to earn dividends amounting to 50 per cent. per ALL TELL THE SAME STORY

Yesterday's Municipal Elections Show Decided Republican Gains.

At Evansville the Democrats Attempted to Uphold Indiana's Iniquitous Tax Law, and They Were Badly Snowed Under.

In Ohio the G. O. P. Captured About Everything It Made an Effort to Get.

Victories at Cleveland, Cincinnati, Columbus and Dayton-Michigan Also Gets Back Into Line-Big Gains at Des Moines.

consumption of woolen goods to an equal amount. Such an increase in the consumption of woolen goods will during the first year after its passage cause a demand for 597 more woolen establishments, and will cause the 271 establishments which were idle during the census year of 1890 to be started up again. It will demand an increase of such establishments. It will increase the amount of wages to be paid to operatives \$18,000,000. With increased demand for wool the prices will increase, and with increased demand for labor the wages will also increase. Those who favor its will also increase. Those who favor its passage may be assured that they have done something to promote the general weal, something to scatter plenty o'er a EVANSVILLE GOES REPUBLICAN. Hawkins Elected Mayor by 1,000 Majority-Council Will Stand 11 to 3. General debate being closed, the bill was then discussed under the five-minute rule

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 4.- The city election here to-day was quiet. The day was gloomy, but a good vote was polled. The result has been a surprise. The Recommunication from Mr. North denying that the ways and means committee had placed a proper construction on his statistics and information furnished upon the wool industry. The amendment was debated at some length. With the understanding that a vote is to be taken on the publicans elected A. C. Hawkins Mayor by over one thousand majority, and the entire city ticket by majorities ranging from thirty upward. The next Council will stand eleven Republicans and three Democrats. The fight was made on a beavy tax assessment levied by the last Democratic Council. The Republicans are highly elated and are parading with a brass band and tin-horn brigade.

OHIO REMAINS TRUE,

Big Republican Gain at Cleveland Over the Vote Given McKinley. CLEVELAND, O., April 4.-The election here to-day was for a director of education, seven members of the school council, two justices of the peace, and ten members of the City Council. At midnight, with but twenty-five of the 139 precincts to hear from, the Republican plurality has reached 1,100, and it will probably go higher than that. This is a big Republican gain over last fall, when Mckinley lost the city, but a loss from last spring. when the Republicans had nearly three thousand plurality. The election to-day was very quiet, not more than 75 per cent. of the vote being polled. Returns from other northern Ohio towns show some Republican gains, though in most places party lines were forgotten in the contest over local issues.

At Akron the Republicans elect the Mayor and a majority of the Council and Board of Education by the largest majority in six

At Findlay the Republicans elect the Mayor and make a clean sweep of the

At Parnesville the Republican ticket was defeated by a Citizens' ticket, composed of two Republicans and one Democrat.

Columbus in Line. COLUMBUS, O., April 4.—The head of the Republican city ticket had the support of the Democratic organization in the municipar election, and received a majority of about 2,700. The remainder of the Republican ticket was elected by the usual majorities-four to six hundred. There were brought here on the charge of stage rob-Republican gains in the City Council and bery. Numerous "hold-ups" of stages have School Board. The sacrifice of the head of the Democratic ticket is attributed to pending legislation for Columbus, which it sought to defeat by electing a Repubpicion was directed to old man Harvey and his family, and the sheriff set about to lican and making the board of affairs bitrap him. The sheriff with ten men waited partisan in make up. Reports from surin hiding near the place where the robbery rounding towns indicate Republican gains.

Gains at Cincinnati. CINCINNATI, April 4.- The only candidate voted for by the whole city to-day was for the office of judge of the Superior Court of Cincinnati. Twenty-eight thousand nine hundred votes were polled. Moore, Republican, was elected judge by 4,800 majority over Lowry Jackson, Democrat. The Republicans elected ten out of fifteen members to the Board of Legislation and eleven out of fifteen to the Board of Education. The Sixth, for the first time in its history. elected Republicans for both of its ward

What's the Matter with Dayton? DAYTON, O., April 4.—Republicans elect Mayor, judge of Police Court and waterworks trustee; have two-thirds majority in the City Council and nine out of fourteen members of the School Board. Democrats elect clerk of Police Court and wood meas-

RESULTS IN MICHIGAN.

Entire Republican Ticket Elected at Jackson and Gains at Other Places.

Exectal to the Indianapolis Journal. LANSING, Mich., April 4.-Municipal elections were held throughout the State today. In this city the Republicans overturned last year's Democratic majority of 350 and elected their entire ticket, with the exception of the clerk. The question of a municipal lighting plant as against the present so-called gas monopoly turned the tide in favor of the Republicans. Jackson elected a Republican Mayor, and for the first time in several years the Republicans have a majority in the Council.

At Hollan the Republicans elected their ticket by small majorities. At Ypsilanti the Republicans gained one alderman, breaking the tie in the Council. Ann Arbor re-elected its Democratic Mayor. The Council is a tie. At Battle Creek the Republicans elected the city ticket and gained one alderman, making the Conneil a tie. The election in Iron Mountain was hotly contested, but the issues were purely local. The Citizens' ticket was elected. The Republicans were victorious in Decatur, Benton Harbor, St. Joseph and Marshall, and the Democrats won in Mount Clemens, St. Ignace and Manistee. Additional reports give accounts of Republican victories in Ishpeming, Port Huron, Coldwater, Sheboygan, Saginaw, Hillsdale and Ionia. The Democrats elected their tickets in Adrian, Negaunee and Dowagiac. The result in Saginaw was a surprise to both parties. The city is strongly Democratic, but the Republicans made a clean sweep and carried everything. The landslide was due to a light vote and local issues.

The New Law Worked All Right. DETROIT, Mich., April 4.- The new election law, which was adopted by the last Legislature and which was used for the first time to-day in this State, seems to have met with universal approval. The regular spring and municipal township elections were those held. and reports received up to midnight indicate that an unusually heavy vote was polled. Quite a number of ballots were thrown out, owing to errors made in their preparation by the voters. This number is about equally divided between the two parties and will have no effect upon the general result. Returns received by the Tribune indicate that out of twenty-eight

and Muskegon were Democratic. But to-day they went strongly the other way. The Free Press reports indicate that the gains of one party will off-set those of the

WOMEN VOTED IN ILLINOIS. Twelve Hundred of the Fair Sex Cast Ballots Against Woman's Rule in Schools.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., April 4.-Twelve

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

hundred enthusiastic women cast votes at the school-board election held here to-day. It is the first election in this city in which women ever participated. The total vote was 3,800, or twice as large as any previous vote at a similar election. The turnout of the women was a gigantic surprise. Rain was falling in torrents when the jolls opened at 8 o'clock, but soon the women began to arrive. Miss Mary Ward, a popular teacher, was the first woman to cast a ballot. During the afternoon, in the long line lot. During the afternoon, in the long line of voters reaching from the polls half around the block, there were ten women to one man. The fair sex was treated with the utmost courtesy and respect, and not a coarse nor offensive word was heard. At a late hour it was learned that Misses Quackenbush and Beath are elected, defeating Misses Thomas and Green. The former two are understood to favor the discontinuance of female rule in the public schools and the choice of a man for superintendent in place of Miss Sarable. Raymond, who has been superintendent for eighteen years. They also favor the election of men for principals of some of the ward schools. The women voted largely against the continuance of woman's rule in the schools.

The following are the returns of the school-board election of to-day: Quacken-busch, 2,776; Beath, 2,768; Green, 995; Thomas, 970—the first two being elected.

A Democratic Hill Badly Beaten. DES MOINES, Ia., April 4.-The regular biennial city election, to-day, resulted in a | more damage done than is now apparent. lican, for Mayor, being ahead of Hill, Democrat, fully 6,000 votea. The issues were largely local. Lane is a Prohibitionist. DUBUQUE, Ia., April 4.—The Democrats to-day elected their Mayer, auditor and four out of five aldermen. An Independent Democrat was elected assessor. The City Council now stands nine Democrats and one Independent.

Democratic Gain at Helena. HELENA, Mont., April 4.-Democrate elected John Curtin Mayor and six out of eight aldermen. The Republicans elected the treasurer and police magistrate. Last year the Republicans elected their Mayor by 438 majority.

COMING ELECTIONS. Chicago's Great Fight Against Boodleism-

One Man on Three Tickets. CHICAGO, April 4.—The city election, to be held to-morrow, at which will be chosen a large number of aldermen, is attracting national attention. This interest is awakened on account of the recent investigation by the grand jury of certain boodle transactions, whereby it is stated that an aggregate of a million dollars' worth of franchises were disposed of by the more mercenary members, and the subsequent indictment of nine aldermen, several of whom are candidates for re-election. One especially interesting case is that of a man who is commonly known as the leader of the Council, and who has served continuously since 1872. This gentleman has placed him-self on three tickets—Republican, Democrat and Labor-this being made possible under the new Australian ballot law, which will be used for the first time in the city election. This man's candidacy is being made the center of the fight against the "boodle aldermen," and in the contest all party lines are forgotten, every paper in the city except one minor evening publication being arrayed against him. Another issue of to-morrow's election is the

proposition to annex to the city the greater portion of the subarban town of Cicero. Both Parties Confident. PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 4.—Both parties claim to be confident of the result of the election to be held in this State Wednesday, but the indications point to the election of a Republican majority in the Legislature. The State ticket is likely to fail of an election, with the Democrats securing a plurality of the votes cast. which will, however, be of no avail in case of the election of a Republican Legislature. Senator Aldrich states that he considers the outlook very satisfactory for the Republicans, and hopes that they will receive a plurality vote for State officers, as this will be taken as indication of the vote in the presidential election, which is by pinrality, instead of majority, as in the State contest. The Democrats claim that a pinrality vote on State officers is assured them. well as the balance of power in the Leg-

Four Tickets in Louisiana, NEW ORLEANS. April 4 .- The committee of seven appointed to canvass the returns of the late Democratic primaries concluded their labors to-night. The committee, by a vote of 4 to 2, declared Murphy J. Foster the Democratic nominee for Governor, throwing out the returns from some precincts where there were suspicions of crookedness. The McEnery committeemen refused to abide by the decision of the majority and bolted. The session of the committee was a stormy one, and came near breaking up in a riot. The whole campaign will be fought over again, and

different factions have been wrought up to a high witch and bloodshed is feared. REPUBLICAN PRIMARY IN MUNCIE. George H. Koons Receives a Handsome Ma

at the general election on the 19th of this

month there will be two Democratic and

two Republican tickets in the field. The

jority Over J. N. Templer for Judge. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., April 4.—One of the most hotly-contested primary elections ever conducted in Delaware county was held to day for the nomination of Republican candidates. George H. Koons, for judge, will have a majority of 1,000 to 1,200 over J. N. Templer. The remainder of the ticket will be: Representative, John Meredith; sheriff, William P. Sherry; surveyor, J. D. Fenurck; commissioners, Thompson Sharp and Matt McCormick; prosecutor, Leffer; treasurer. Powers; Congressman, Johnson; for coroner, Bowers had no opposition. The vote in this (Center) township gives Koons 454, Meredith 556, Sherry 168, Fen-wick 298, Sharp 220, and McCormick 271 majority. Eleven out of seventeen pte-cincts heard from to-night give Koons 943 majority.

Christian Scientist Released on Bail. CHICAGO, April 4 .- Mrs. Mary Stebbins arrested for causing the death of Mrs. Nichols by the so-called Christian science treatment, was released to-day on bail of 5,000. City Building Commissioner Louis O'Neill, who claims to have been cured by "Christian science" after seven regular physicians had failed to relieve him of rhumatism and quinzy, volunteered to sign the bail bond. Mrs. Stebbins professes to believe that her temporary removal from a cell through O'Neill's efforts is the result of the direct interposition of the Almighty in her behalf to vindicate the cause of "Christian science."

Five Men Suffocated.

NEW ORLEANS, April 4 .- At the Sulphur mines, Calcasien parish, this State, to-day, five men, two from New York, one from Pittsburg, and two others were asphyxiated by hydro sulphuric gas. Two others, making seven in all, were overcome but will probably recover.

Seth Sprague's Widow Dead at 103. cities thus far reporting, seventeen went Republican. Of these Grand Rapids, Lan-sing, Saginaw, Sault Ste. Marie, Port Huron | died at Duxbury to-day, at the age of 108. | frame building at Hemingar's mill, near

ANOTHER STORM IN KANSAS

Cherryvale Struck by a Tornado That Wrecked Houses and Killed People.

Missouri Also Visited by a Whirling Cloud That Leveled Buildings in Its Path and Caused Injury to Several Persons.

Water-Spouts, Blizzards, Hail and Rain-Storms Reported from Many Points.

Chunks of Ice Eight Inches in Circumference Play Havoc with Window Glass, Fruit Trees and Crops-Creeks Overflowed.

STORMS OF ALL KINDS.

Tornadoes, Hall and Rain-Storms in Kant sas and Missouri-Several Persons Killed, KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 4.- A storm of great intensity prevailed late last night in Kansas and western Missouri, the details of which are only just beginning to be received. So far as present advices indicate, the storm was not so severe as that of last week, but the telegraph lines in both States have been seriously damaged and reports are not obtainable from all points where the storm is known to have raged, It may be, therefore, that later dispatches

complete Republican victory, Lane, Repub- The storm was of a different character in almost every place heard from. At Cherryvale, Kan., it was a tornado. One mile east of the town the wind destroyed six houses, and two people were killed. It has been impossible to learn their names. The news of the disaster was brought to Wichita by passengers on the morning train. Up to 10 o'clock to-night it has been impossible to get telegraphic connection with Cherryvale, and the particulars of the disaster cannot be learned.

may show that more lives were lost and

At Burlington, Kan., the distusbance, took the form of a hail-storm. Hundreds of window-lights were broken, and much damage was done to fruit trees and crops generally. The hail-stones were eight inches in circumference, and the fusillade which they made upon the roofs of houses was alarming.

At Emporia hall also fell, the stones measuring an inch and a half in diameter. The storm prevailed in the country districts in the vicinity of Emporia, and did great

damage to fruit trees and crops. At Fort Scott, Kan., the storm was the severest that ever visited that city. Many roofs were blown away, stables demolished and outhouses blown down. Several windows in as many store-rooms were smashed in, and altogether the damage is very considerable. There was no loss of life, although the narrow escapes were numerous, Garland, near Fort Scott, a town of about four hundred inhabitants, was visited by the same storm. The hail smashed every window in the town, and did great damage to crops in the surrounding country. At Bosworth, Mo., the storm was seen approaching, and the people, naturally nervous after the terrible experiences of their Kansas neighbors last week, sought safety in their cellars. The storm came on with terrible swiftness, but as it seemed about to strike the town it veered suddenly to the northeast. In that direction is a thickly-settled farming region. Six houses in the path of the storm were demolished. Farris Nardis was badly hurt by flying timbers. Mrs. Wright, the wife of a farmer, was less seriously injured, and several others were slightly hurt. The storm, besides being similar to a tornado, was ac-companied by a water-spout, which flooded all the creeks. Waukunda creek is out of its banks-and is rising rapidly. The creek is just east of the High-rock road. The road is inundated, and the fields for miles down the creek are under water. The crops there have been washed out and the farmers will be obliged to replant their

A terrific gale to-day followed the storm, Reports from all over Kansas report its prevalence and give accounts of damage, which, however, was confined in all cases to leveled outhouses, broken windows and signs and wrecked roofs. At Norbonne, Mo., the hailstones were described to be as large as teacups.

In this city the report got started in some mysterious manner that a tordado was due to reach here at 2 o'clock. The report spread with great rapidity, and in a short time was on every lip. Superintendent and that they hope for a majority, too, as Greenwood, of the public schools, hastily called a meeting of the School Board and urged that the schools be dismissed for the day to prevent any loss of life in the event of the buildings being blown down. The order was issued and the scholars were sent to their homes with post haste. At 2 o'clock the streets of the city were nearly deserted, and hundreds of people could be seen looking out of windows scanning the sky for signs of the approaching storm. The wind blew almost a hurricane during the entire afternoon, but there was no cyclone, and the damage done was very

Farmers' Alliance picknickers were caught in a storm near Cove, Ark., Saturday. Two persons were killed, two mortally wounded and several dangerously hurt by falling trees.

Lively Spring Blizzard.

St. Paul, April 4 .- Dispatches from the Northwest tell of a big rain and snowstorm, the latter prevailing with terrific force in the Dakotas, even approaching to a blizzard in intensity in some sections. Devil's Lake reports a full-fledged blizzard. while Redfield, in South Dakota, telegraphs at 6 o'clock to-night that a genuine blizzard has been raging since noon, and is hourly growing worse. At Huron the snow during the day scattered among a great deal of rain, nearly three inches having fallen. But the blizzard seems to have extended from the northern part of South Dakota clear across North Dakota. The snow extended along the Missouri river and over into the Black Hills, and at Huron, where it had rained so hard during the day, it is snowing hard to-night. The amount of moisture in the ground has already retarded seeding ten days, and it will now be put further back by this great storm of combined rain and snow. In this State snow, with blizzard attachments, is reported in the northwestern portion, and it has been snowing and hailing in other parts of the State. The rain here this afternoon was extremely heavy while it lasted, and there was some hail To-night it is growing colder, and the storm may be here later on. The heavy rain is reported as extending to the lake, Ashland, Wis., having had such a heavy rain as to delight the souls of lumbermen

in doors, and no casualties are anticipated. Damaged by Wind, Rain and Hall,

whose logs were awaiting the spring freshets. A Redfield, S. D., correspondent says

the storm is the worst since 1888, when so

many lives were lost, but the two days

heavy rain has kept nearly every one with-

Epecial to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENSBURG, Pa., April 4.-A terrific wind, hail and rain-storm, accompanied by lightning, passed over the southern part of Westmoreland county, at 7 o'clock last evening, doing great damage. At Scottdale, Everson and Brownston the wind was very severe, blowing down and unroofing buildings in all parts of the towns. The Scottdale rolling-mill was unroofed and the interior badly wrecked by falling timbers, while the Jackson House, Henry